

**RED HAT  
SUMMIT**

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# OPEN HYPERCONVERGED INFRASTRUCTURE

## Presenters

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Date 06.24.15



# Your Presenters

## Sean Murphy

- Product Mgr with the Storage BU

## Paul Cuzner

- Technical Mktg lead with the Storage BU



# INTRODUCTION



# AGENDA

- The What & the Why
- Under the Hood
- Q&A



# SETTING THE STAGE

- Red Hat is an enterprise infrastructure provider
  - Always looking thru a next-gen IT *solution* lens
- HCI space is H-O-T
- We are working upstream toward oVirt / Gluster HCI integration



# The What & Why



# The What

## Hyper-convergence

- Collapse compute, storage into small footprint
  - ...scalable resource pool, with redundancy / high availability
  - ...eliminate the need for discrete components
- Value Prop is centered around simplicity, TCO
- User profile – mid-market to large enterprise

## oVirt-GlusterFS

- Toward an Open Source Hyperconverged platform
  - ...Linux, oVirt, Gluster – integrated.



# The What

A proven, general purpose scale-out distributed storage

- Unified namespace, supporting thousands of clients
- Gluster runs completely in user space

## oVirt-Gluster Integration

- Native Gluster Storage Domain type
- Enable Volume Management from oVirt WebAdmin and REST-API



# Why?

“why it just makes sense”

## In a word: Simplify!

- Single team managing infrastructure
- Simplify ITIL flows, improve project delivery turnaround
- Simplify hardware planning, procurement
- Simplify hardware deployment, mgmt
- A ‘level playing field’ for capex
- Single budget provides compute and storage
- Hardware flexibility = no lock-in



# Why?

The market & the goods

## User / Market Demand

- From SMB to Enterprise - planning, deploying
  - Hot market, with growing demand for an open HCI value prop
  - HCI market grew 162.3% in 2014 (to a market value of \$373 million)
  - Forecast: up 116% in 2015 (to reach \$807 million)
- ...within two years, over 50 percent of enterprises across all sectors will use some form of HCI to run their VMs*

## Best of Breed Components (greater than the sum of the parts)

- oVirt a robust Linux virt platform
- Gluster technology an industry-proven distributed storage system



# UNDER THE HOOD



# SOLUTION STRATEGY

- Systemd resource management
- Data security
- Multiple layers of cache
- QoS features (disk profiles)
- Libgfapi support in qemu-kvm optimizes the i/o path
- Offload data reconstruction to hardware
- Hardware freedom/choice
- Auto data rebalance
- Mixed SATA/SAS and SSD



# COMPONENT OVERVIEW

- oVirt 3.6.x
- RHEL 7.x
- LVM
- SSD managed by dmccache
- Hardware RAID
- Glusterfs 3.7.x provides the data layer
- libgfapi
- Synchronous 3-way data replication
- OpenSSL
- Commodity x86-64 servers



# GLUSTERFS FEATURES



# GLUSTERFS IN A NUTSHELL

## Top 5 features;

- ✓ elastic volumes - grow and shrink, non-disruptively
- ✓ automatic self healing
- ✓ modular, userspace architecture based on *translators*
- ✓ synchronous replication
- ✓ no central meta-data server = no single point of failure



# DATA PLACEMENT

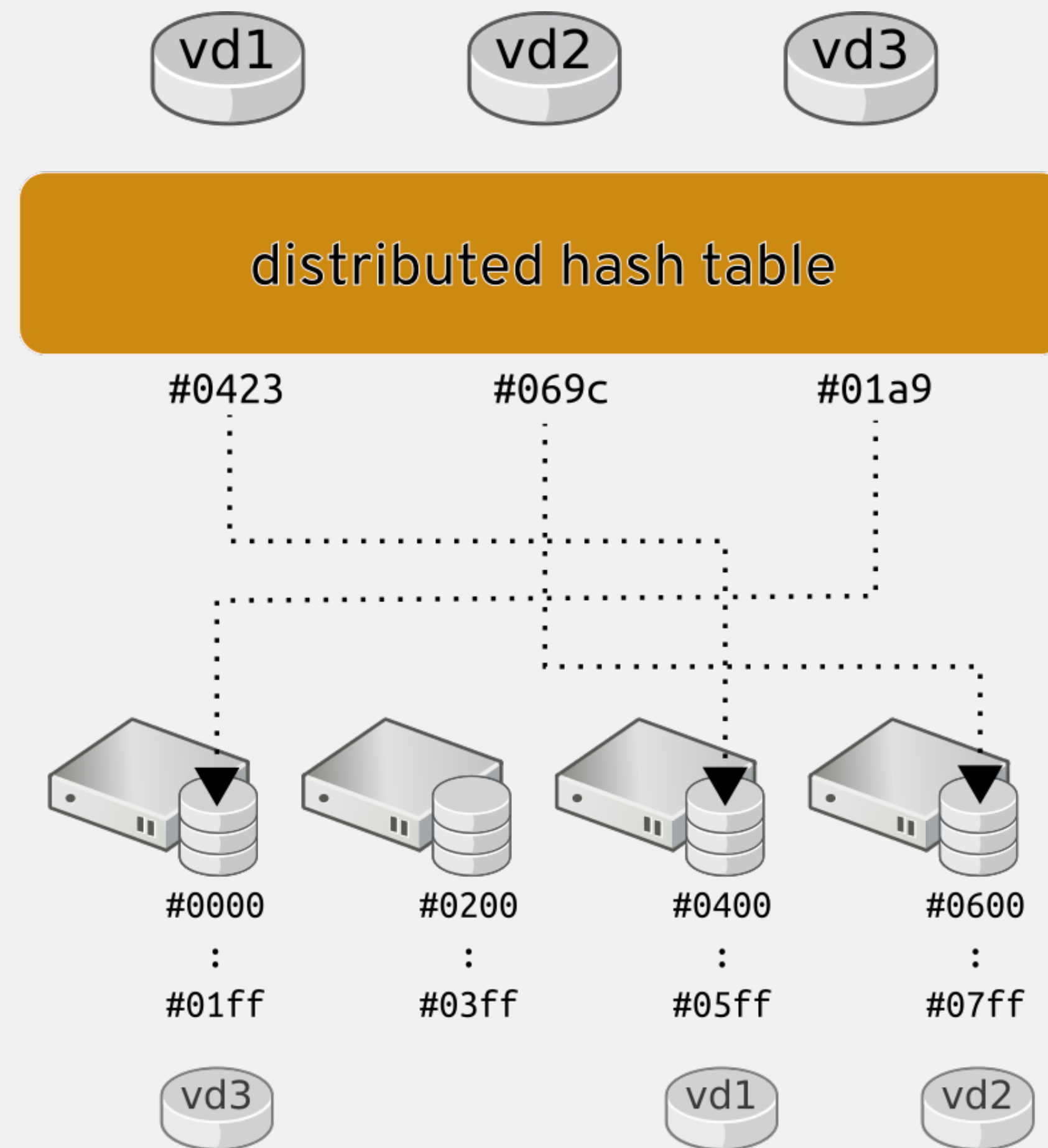
elastic hash algorithm generates a hash value from a file path

each brick within the cluster is assigned a hash range

the client is aware of the hash ranges from each brick

direct data path

each file holds metadata in xattr





# DATA LOCALITY

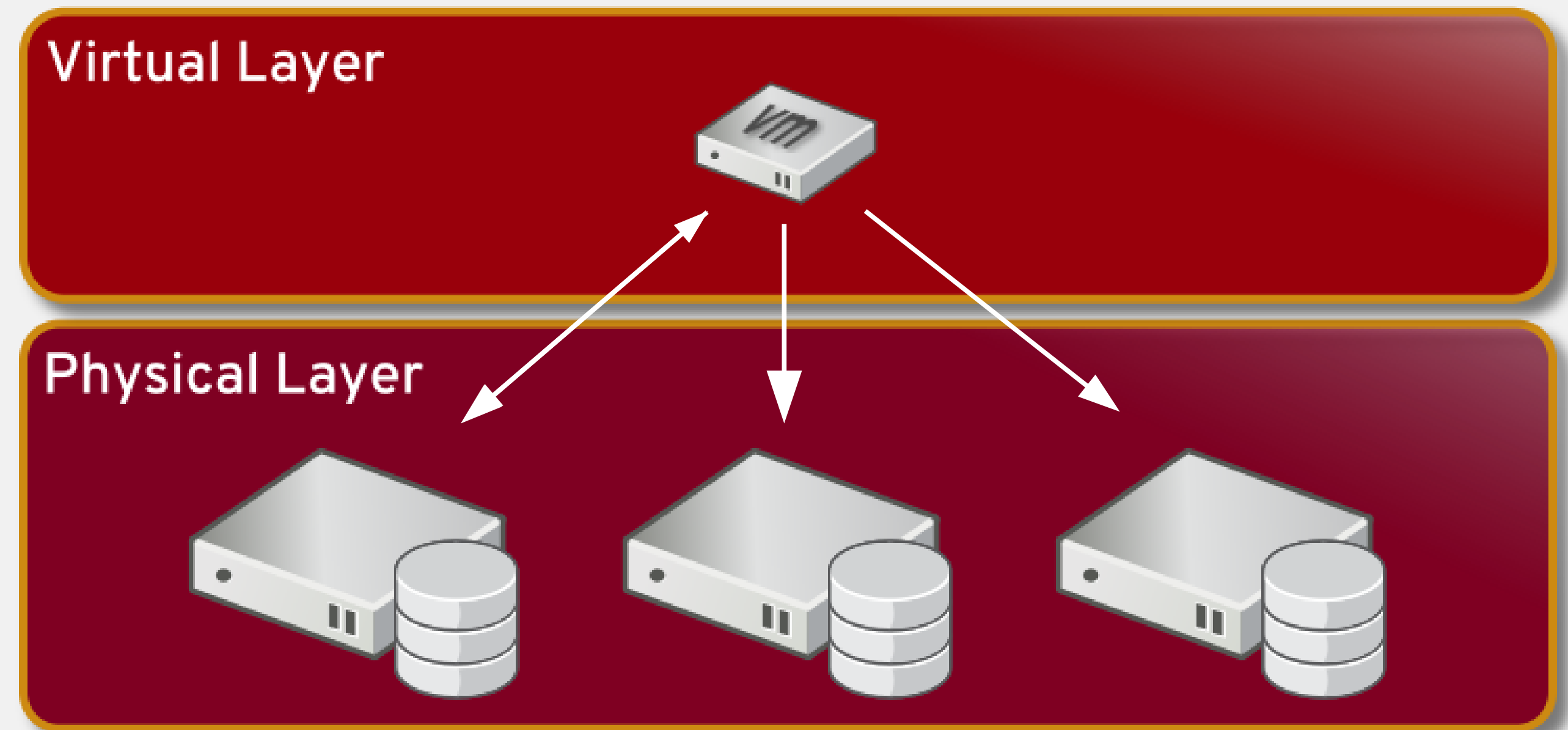
First read generates a pre-op request to each brick that owns the vdisk

first to respond is the winner!

local brick on the executing node is chosen

reads focus on the local brick

in the event the local brick is lost, failover to one of the other bricks is automatic





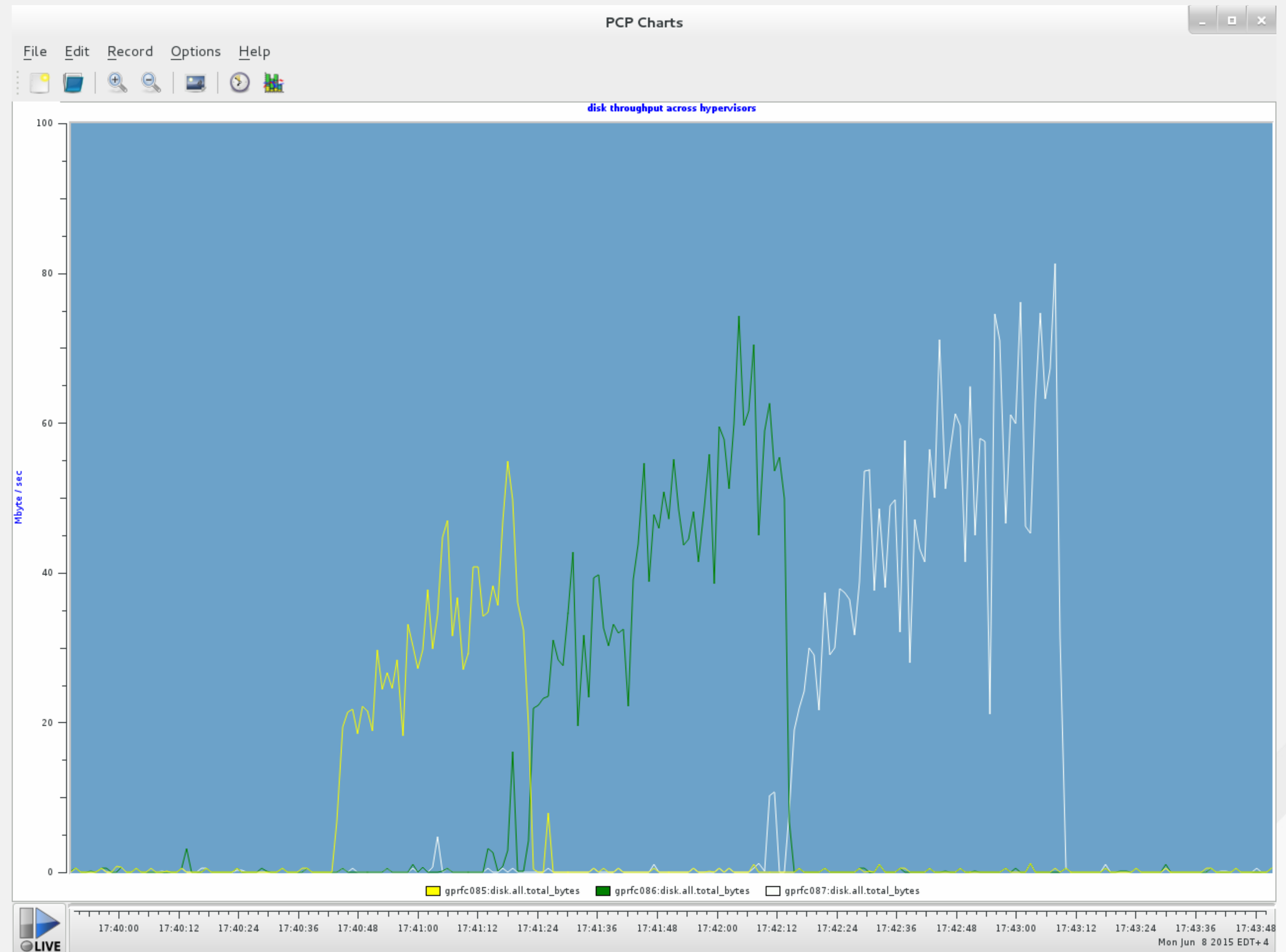
# DATA LOCALITY... IN ACTION

RHEL7 vm running fio

- 128k block
- Synchronous
- directio
- 10g file test file

vm live migrated during benchmark run

transition of the brick servicing I/O matches the vm's host



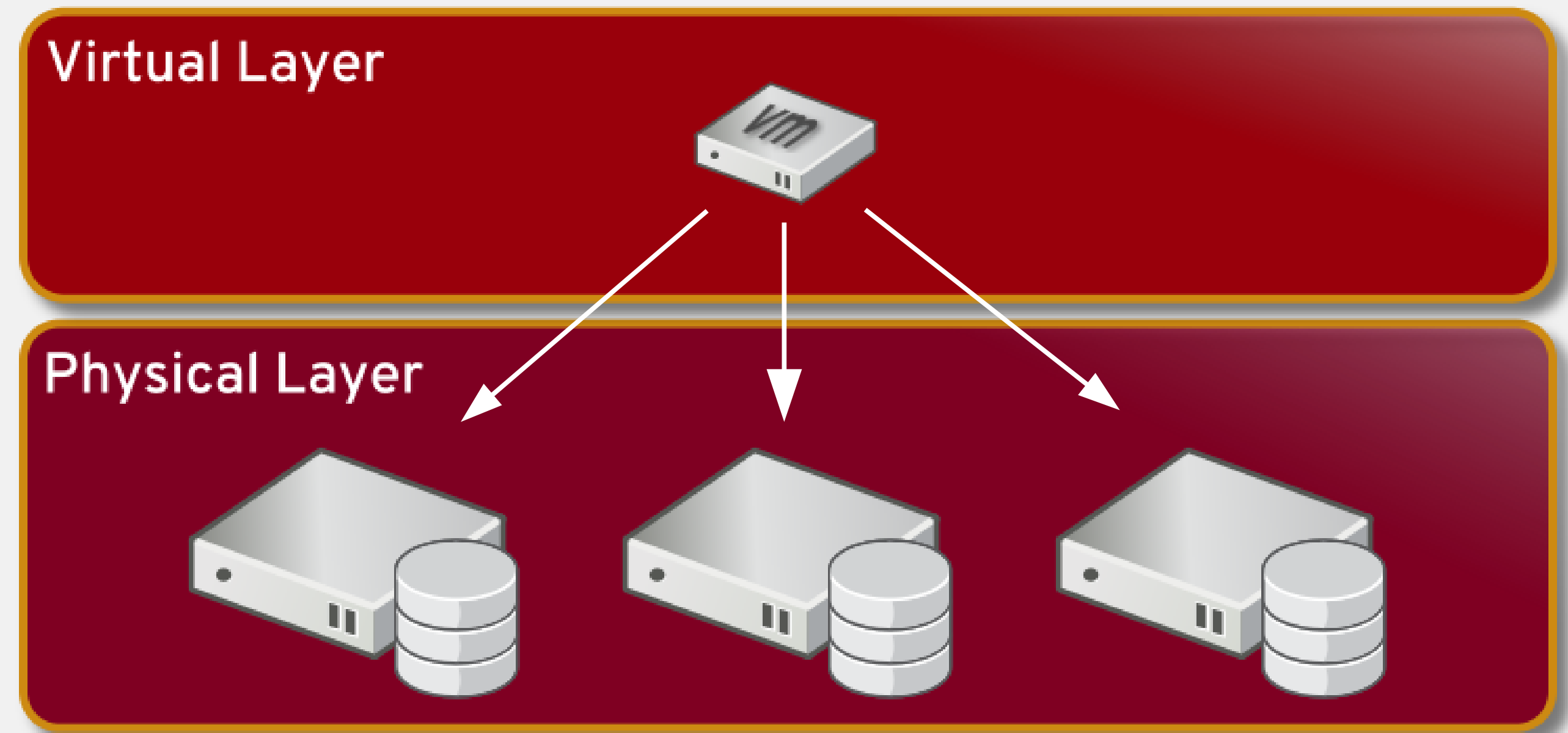


# DATA INTEGRITY

Data must be protected across nodes at all times

All writes **MUST** be written to multiple nodes

glusterfs does this using synchronous replication



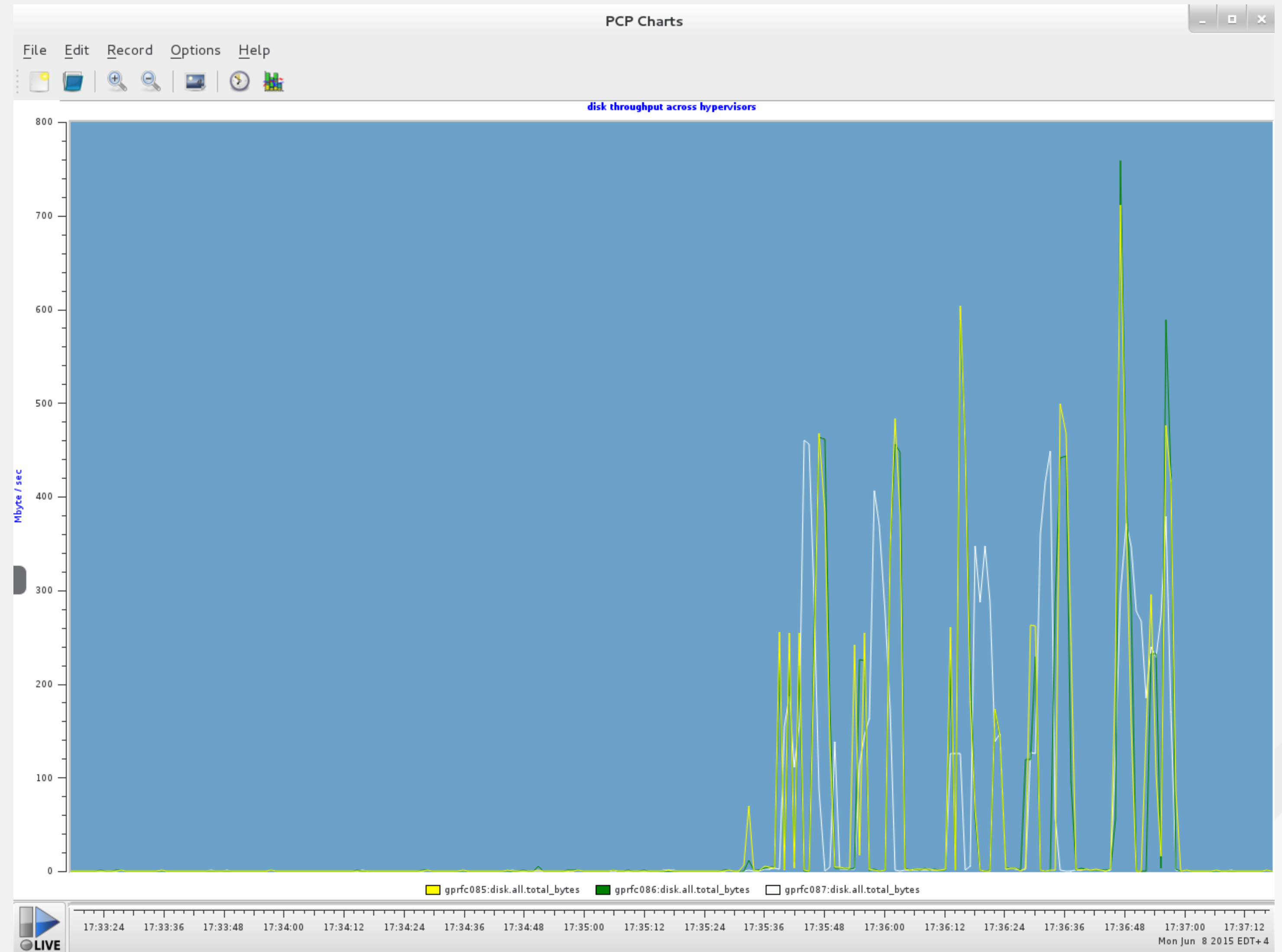


# DATA INTEGRITY... IN ACTION

100% write workload

fsync across systems are well aligned

ensures 3 copies of the data are consistent and available





# DATA RECOVERY – AUTOMATED SELF HEAL

## Maintain Data Redundancy

- grace period or timeout
- data re-replicated

## Considerations

- available capacity is reduced
- re-replicate may represent additional workload
- problematic for small clusters

## Limit impact to active workload

- track changes
- apply changes when node/disk is available again
- more usable capacity

## Considerations

- during the outage, data redundancy goal is not met
- self heal only starts once the node or replacement is brought back into the cluster



# PERFORMANCE FEATURES



# EXPLOITING CACHE

physical I/O = latency

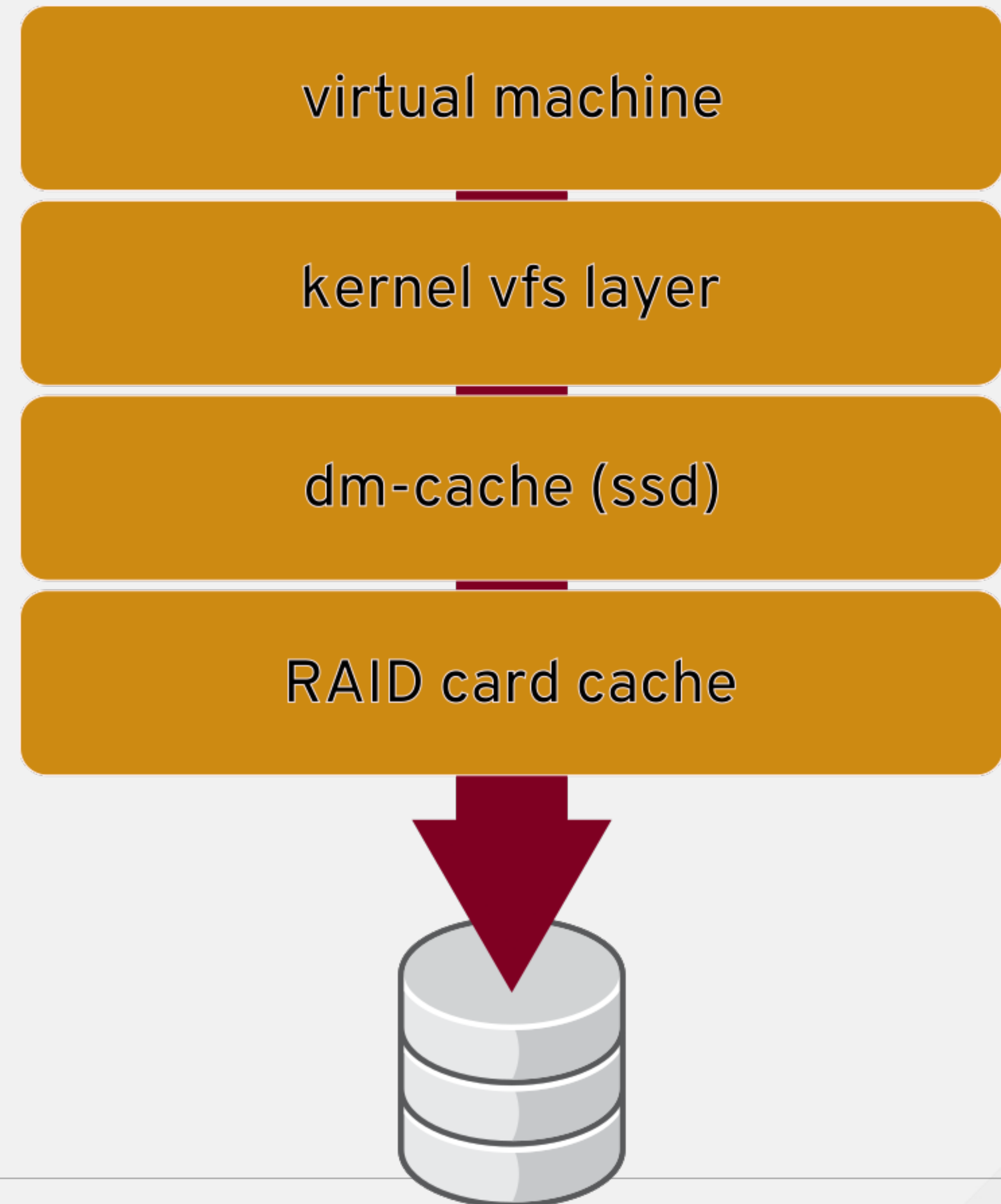
write latency can't be avoided

cache reduces read latency

all vdisks are files...vfs

cloned disks may fit in page cache

dmcache supports random read





# CACHE EFFECTS

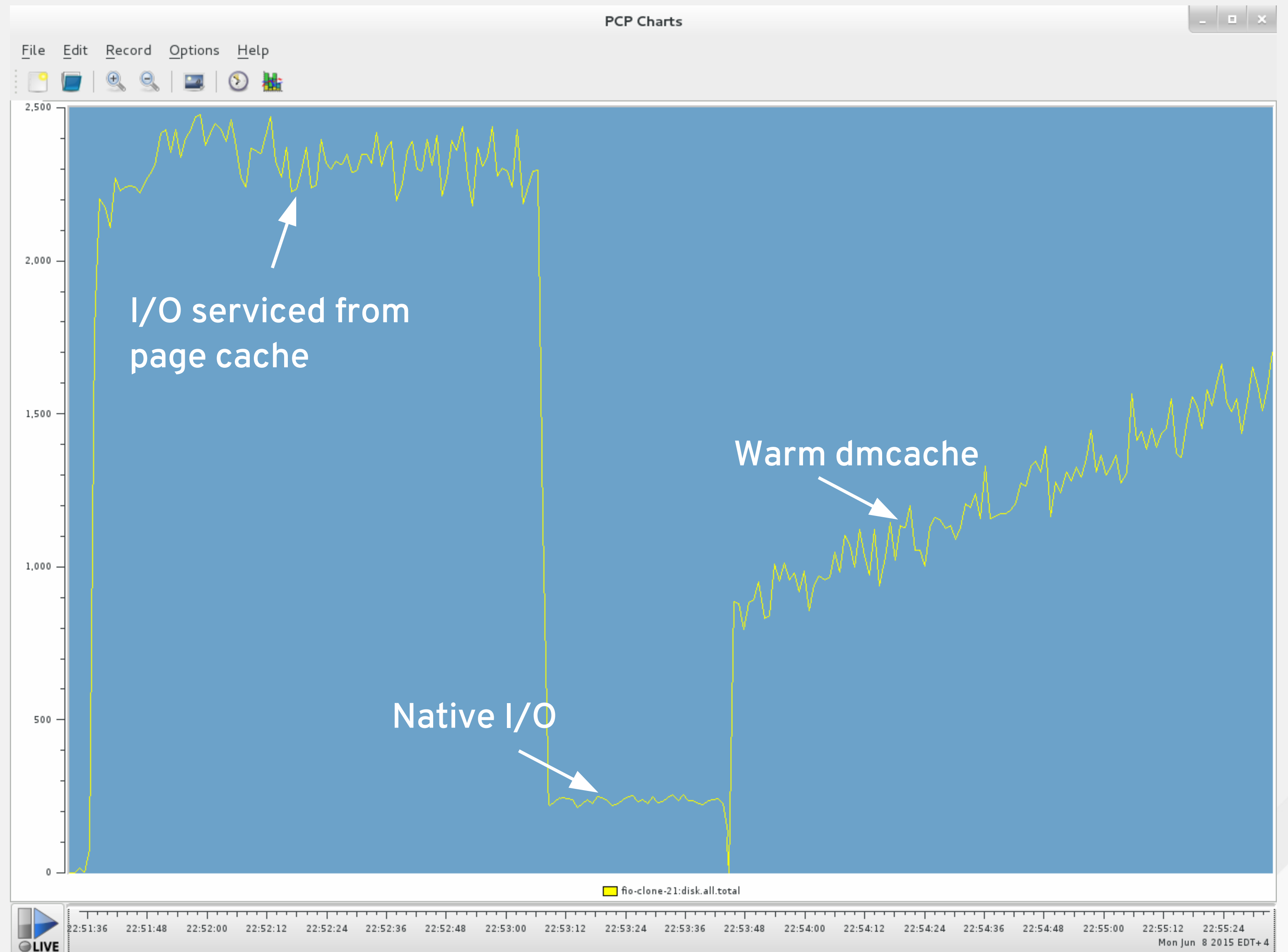
## Test Conditions

- Single vm
- fio random read workload
- 8k blocksize
- sync / directIO
- single thread
- 10g dataset

buffer hits : < 0.5ms

disk I/O : ~ 5-6ms

warm dmccache : <=1ms





# MEASURING CACHE EFFECTIVENESS

```
[root@hypervisor1 ~]# pcp -h localhost dmcache
@ Mon Jun 8 20:02:45 2015 (host hypervisor1.lab.redhat.com)
```

---device---		---%used---		-----reads-----		-----writes-----		
meta	cache	hit	miss	ratio		hit	miss	ratio
Bricks-raid5		0.7%	7.3%	425.49	10.86	97.5%	0.00	0.00 0%
Bricks-raid5		0.7%	7.3%	399.95	16.79	95.7%	0.00	0.00 0%
Bricks-raid5		0.7%	7.3%	372.50	8.89	97.9%	0.00	0.00 0%
Bricks-raid5		0.7%	7.3%	324.19	15.81	97.6%	0.00	0.00 0%
Bricks-raid5		0.7%	7.3%	409.76	7.90	97.2%	0.00	0.00 0%
Bricks-raid5		0.7%	7.3%	417.95	11.86	99.1%	0.00	0.00 0%
Bricks-raid5		0.7%	7.3%	356.69	12.84	94.8%	0.00	0.00 0%
Bricks-raid5		0.7%	7.3%	354.49	16.79	95.0%	0.00	0.00 0%
Bricks-raid5		0.7%	7.3%	332.97	6.92	98.0%	0.00	0.00 0%
Bricks-raid5		0.7%	7.3%	326.73	7.90	96.8%	0.00	0.00 0%



# SECURITY CONSIDERATIONS



# PROTECTING VIRTUAL DISKS

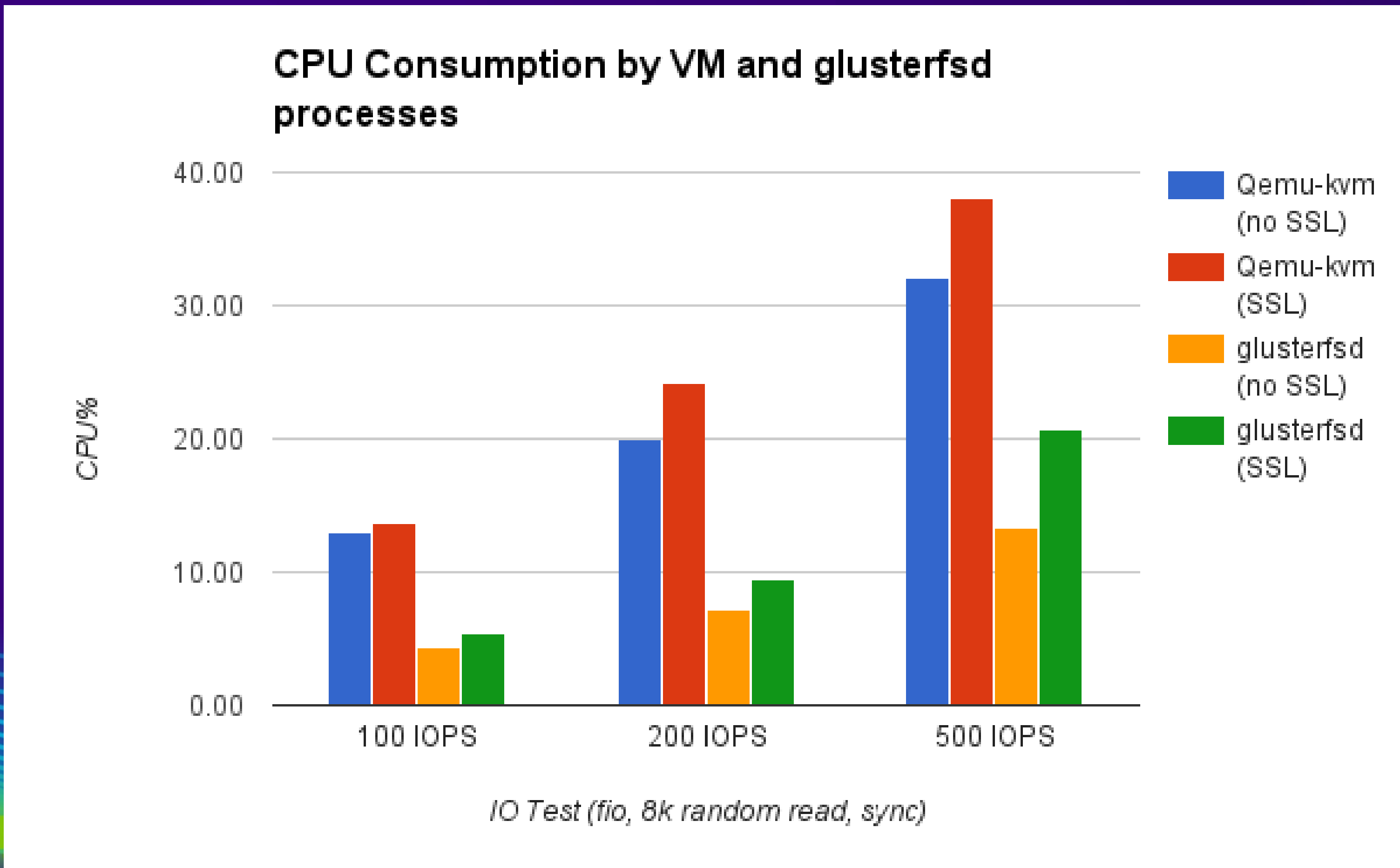
## Vdisks accessed via a network

- Non-routable VLAN
- auth.allow

## Data path encryption

## The cpu cost of encryption

## Security headache becomes a planning exercise

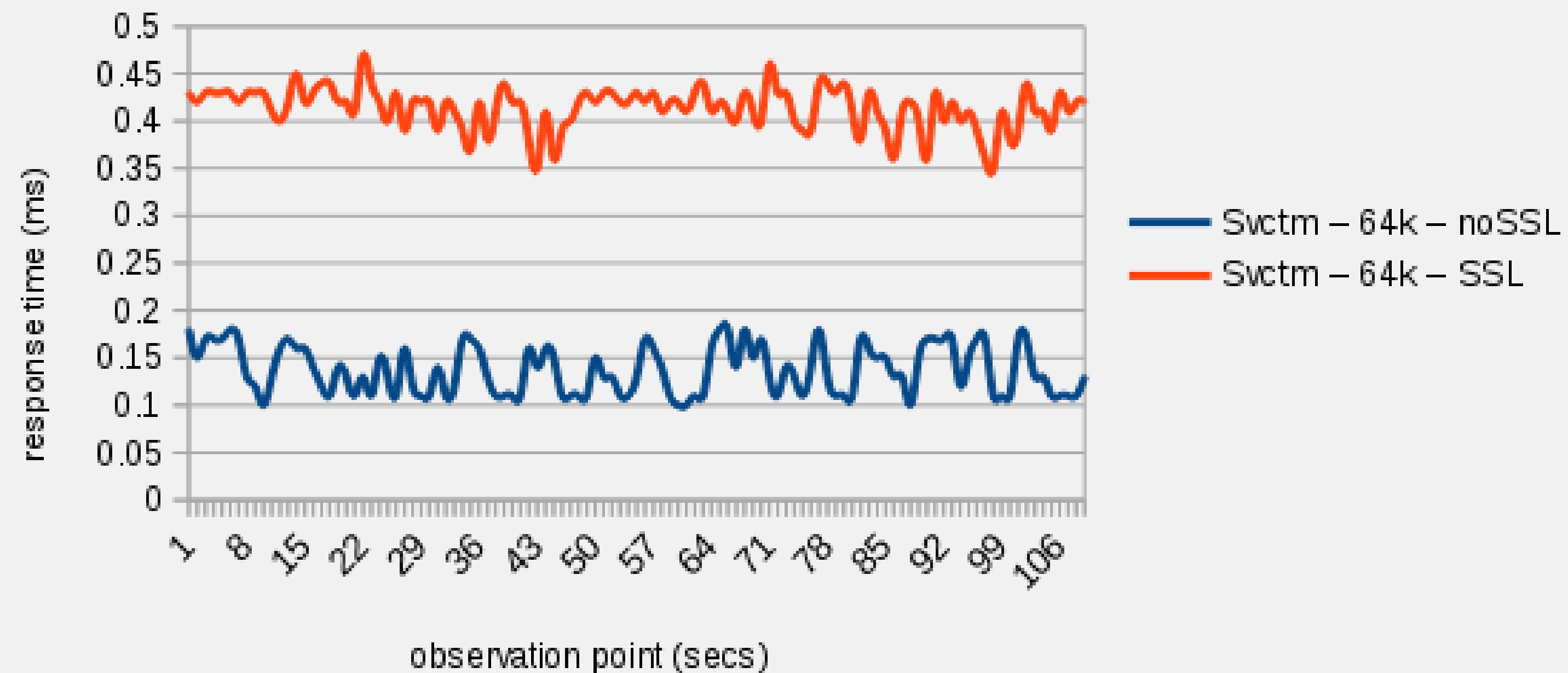




# I/O LATENCY IMPACT\*

## 64k random read test

(cached in buffer/dmccache)



\* More validation to come!



# INTEGRATION

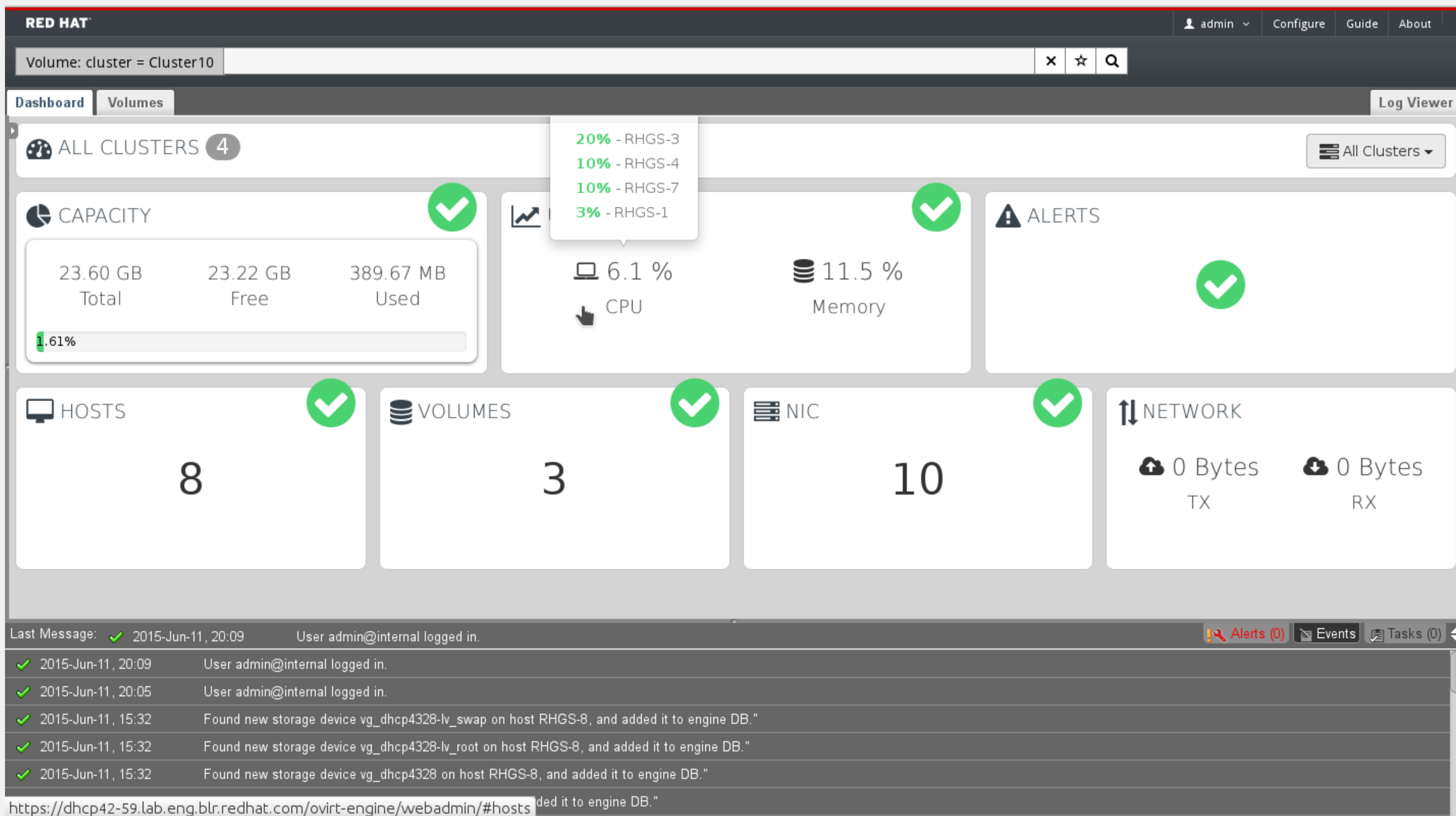


# MANAGEMENT CONSIDERATIONS

- Management engine options;
  - self-hosted running natively on glusterfs
  - remote options
- Dashboard provides an “at a glance” view
- Storage and compute managed within a single interface
- New disks added through the UI
- SSD integration is read only



# THE DASHBOARD VIEW





# DISK MANAGEMENT

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admin

Configure

Guide

About

Host:

Dashboard

Clusters

Hosts

Networks

Volumes

Users

New

Edit

Remove

Activate

Maintenance

Assign Tags

Refresh Capabilities

Name	Hostname/IP	Cluster
RHGS-1	dhcp43-161.lab.eng.bl...	Cluster10
RHGS-2	dhcp43-174.lab.eng.bl...	Cluster10
RHGS-3	dhcp43-50.lab.eng.blr...	Cluster10
RHGS-4	dhcp43-10.lab.eng.blr...	Cluster20
RHGS-5	dhcp43-7.lab.eng.blr...	Cluster20
RHGS-6	dhcp42-91.lab.eng.blr...	Cluster20
RHGS-7	dhcp42-86.lab.eng.blr...	Cluster30
RHGS-8	dhcp42-41.lab.eng.blr...	Cluster30

General

Network Interfaces

Bricks

Storage Devices

Create Brick

Sync

Name	Description
vde	Virtio Block Device (disk)
vda	Virtio Block Device (disk)
vda2	Virtio Block Device (partition)
vdb	Virtio Block Device (disk)
vdb1	Virtio Block Device (partition)
vdc	Virtio Block Device (disk)
vdc1	Virtio Block Device (partition)
vdd	Virtio Block Device (disk)

Last Message:

2015-Jun-11, 20:52

User admin@internal logged in.

Alerts (0)

Events

Tasks (0)

Create Brick

Brick Name

mybrick

Mount Point

/gluster-bricks/mybrick

RAID Type

RAID 6

No. of Physical Disks in RAID Volume

12

Stripe Size (KB)

256

Storage Devices

(Choose storage devices of RAID type: RAID6)

Name	Type	Size
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> vde		2 GB

Size

2 GB

OK

Cancel



# ADMINISTRATION

- Web GUI (oVirt)
- REST / API
- oVirt python SDK + gluster bindings for libgfapi
- Integration example - vm2brick tool
- Support Tools
  - Performance co-pilot
  - dmccache CLI reports
  - Common sysadmin perf tools (e.g., iostat, vmstat, iotop)
  - Ovirt data warehouse for reporting, trending, analysis

<sup>1</sup><https://github.com/pcuzner/vm2brick>



# NEW GLUSTERFS FEATURES



# FEATURES JUST LANDED IN v3.7

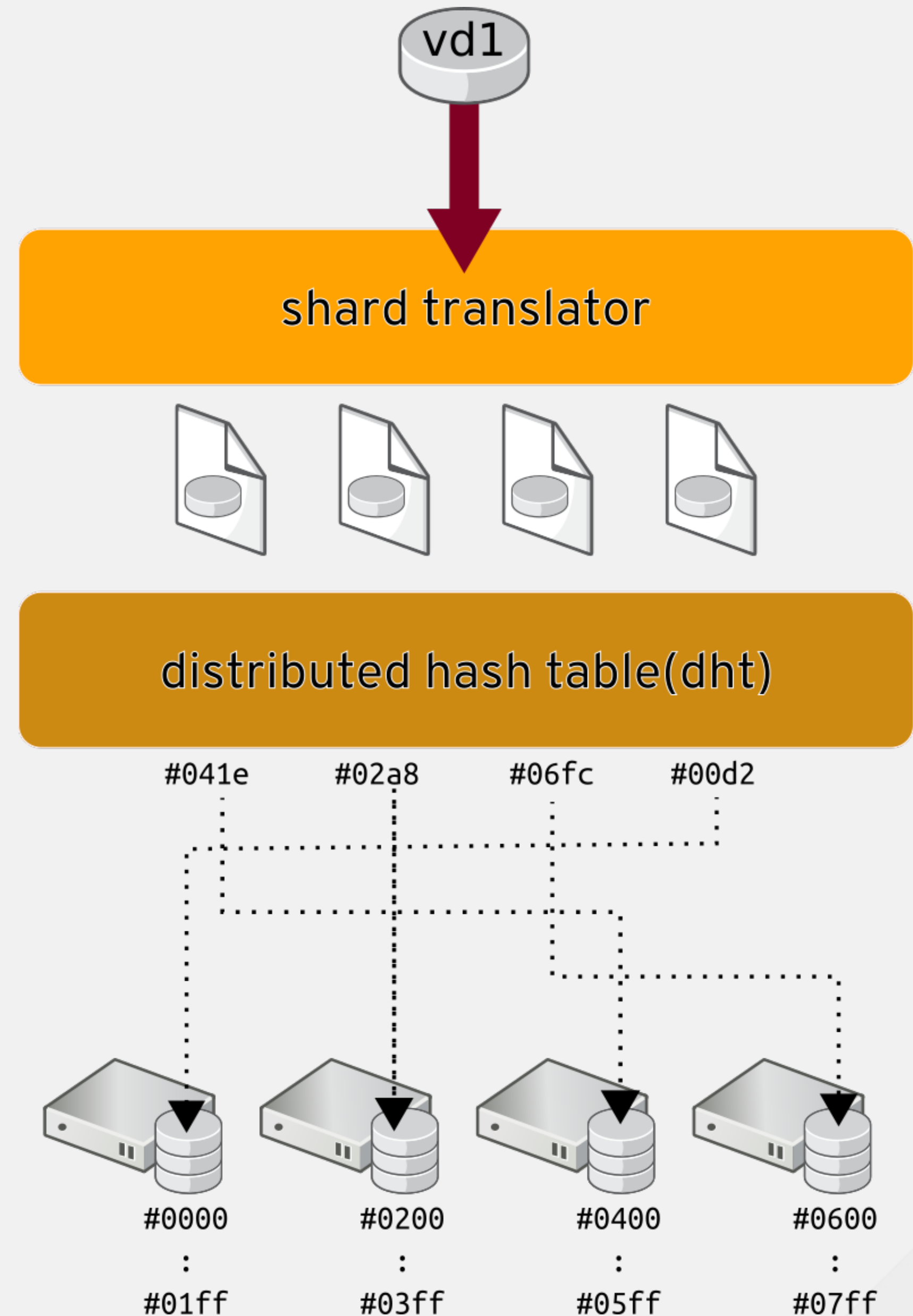
## Glusterfs 3.7.x introduces

- Sharding - enhanced granularity for
    - self heal
    - rebalance
    - geo-replication
  - arbiter volumes
  - rebalance performance enhancements
  - multi-threaded epoll
- ...and more! [1]



# FEATURE FOCUS - SHARDING

- shard is a translator that sits client-side
- configurable shard size (default 4MB)
- larger files = more shards = wide striping
- shards get distributed across bricks like normal files





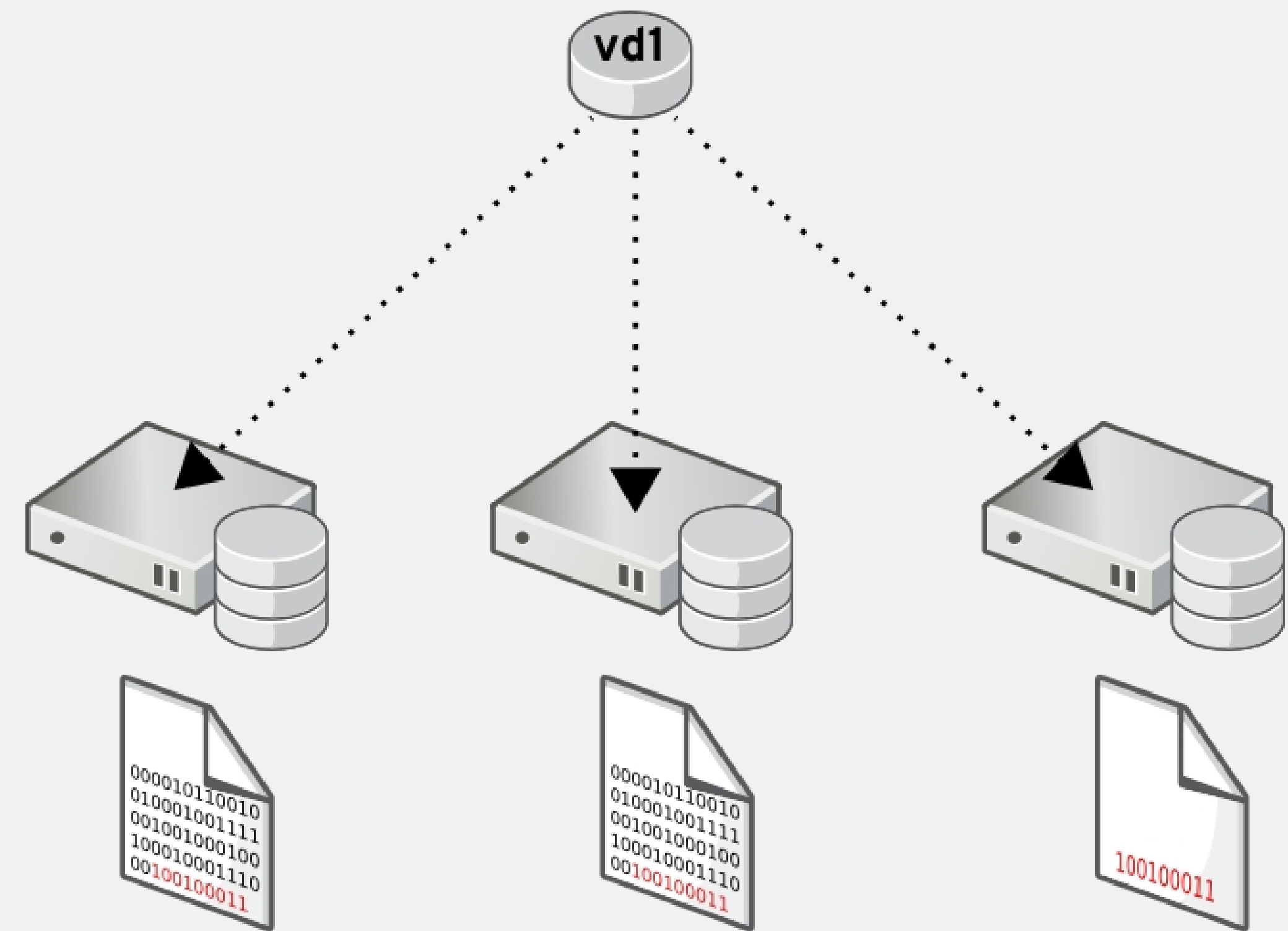
# FEATURE FOCUS - ARBITER VOLUMES

The challenge of distributed storage;

- with only 2 copies - split brain is possible
- with 3 copies - costs go up!

Rather than consume more space, let's address the problem

- 2 copies of the data is a must!
- tie-breaker is needed to avoid split brain



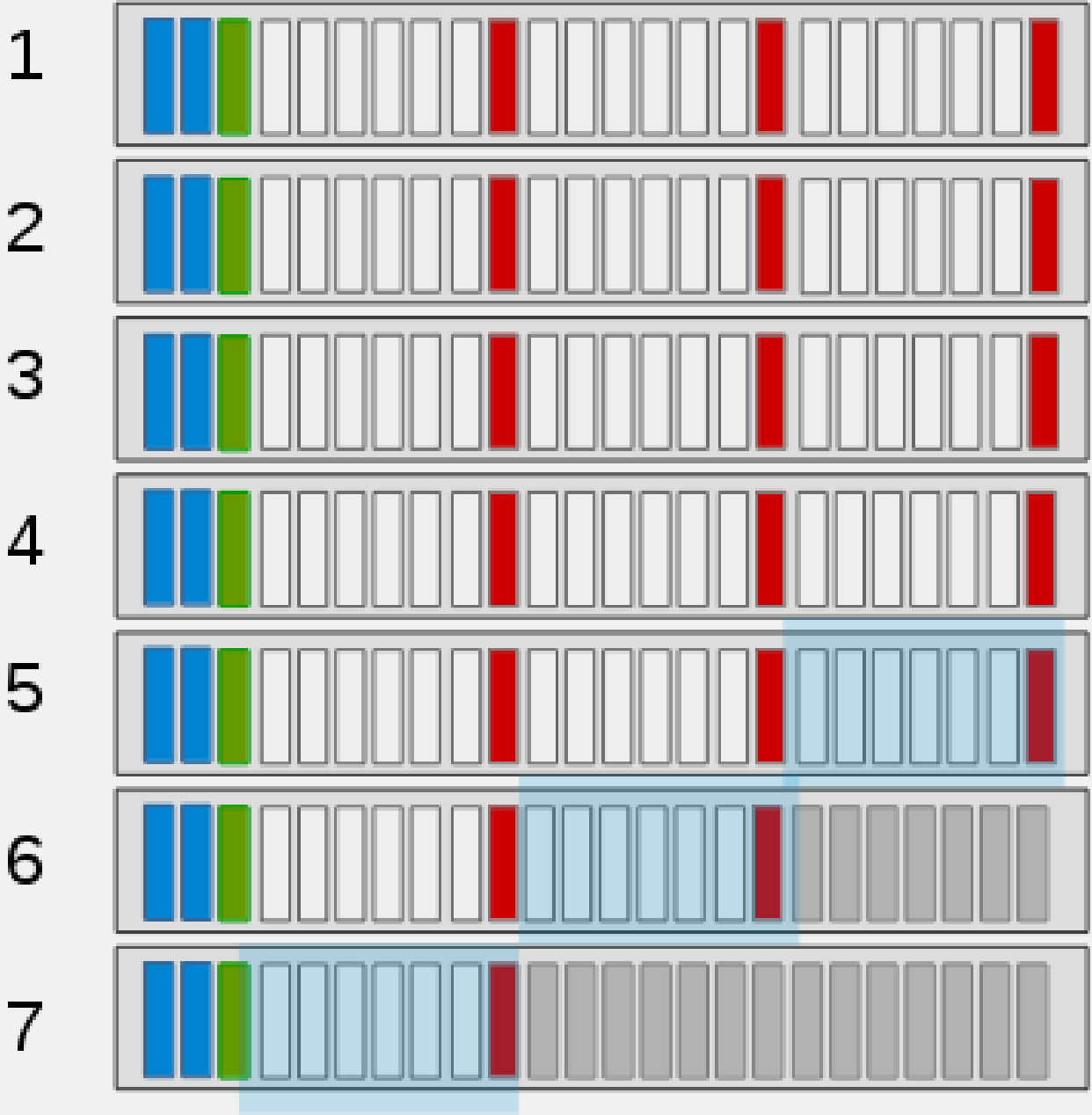


# DEPLOYMENT SCENARIO



# POTENTIAL GROWTH MODEL

Configuration Phase : Growth Increment #4



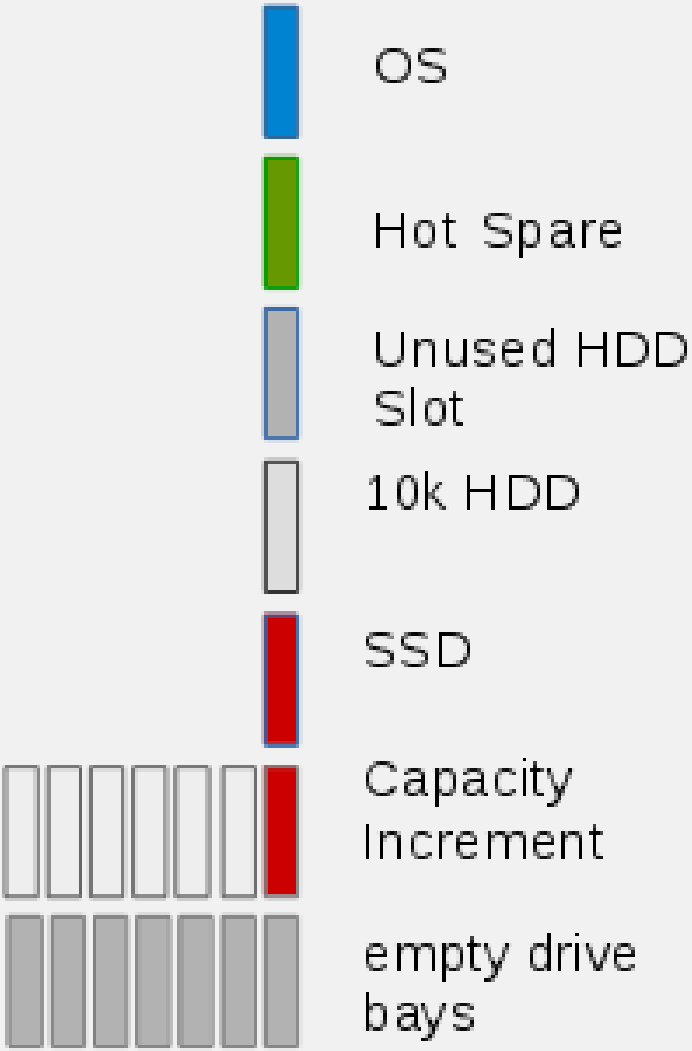
Hypervisors  
**7**

Raw Capacity (VMs)  
**108TB**

Usable Capacity (VMs)  
**36TB**

Replica sets  
**6**

Bricks  
**18**





## Further Info...

- [http://www.ovirt.org/Features/Self\\_Hosted\\_Engine\\_Gluster\\_Support](http://www.ovirt.org/Features/Self_Hosted_Engine_Gluster_Support)
- [http://www.ovirt.org/Features/Self\\_Hosted\\_Engine\\_Hyper\\_Converged\\_Gluster\\_Support](http://www.ovirt.org/Features/Self_Hosted_Engine_Hyper_Converged_Gluster_Support)
- <http://www.ovirt.org/Features/GlusterFS-Hyperconvergence>
- <https://fosdem.org/2015/schedule/event/hyperconvergence/>
- <http://www.ovirt.org/images/6/6c/2015-ovirt-glusterfs-hyperconvergence.pdf>



# Q&A



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